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INDEX

Adult Education	17
Changing Occupational Status of VET Teachers and Trainers: The Case of Lithuania <i>Aušra Rutkienė, Genutė Gedvilienė, Vidmantas Tūtlys</i>	18
Restorative Learning: A Theory, an Application, and a Powerful Effect <i>Christine A. Johnston, Gabriella B. Klein</i>	24
The Adult Cultural Awareness Competencies Development through the Theatre Art <i>Genutė Gedvilienė, Egidijus Stancikas</i>	29
The Importance of Using Technology in Education <i>Ekaterina Petrovna Rusakova, Edgar Young</i>	34
The SMILE Project – A Systemic Approach to Creating an Inclusive Educational Environment <i>Anca Colibaba, Irina Gheorghiu, Cintia Colibaba, Ramona Cirsari, Carmen Antonita</i>	38
Art Education	44
A Dictionary for the Collaboration between Schools and Arts Centres <i>Edwin van Meerkerk</i>	45
Active Pedagogy in Art and Design Education – Case Study on the Heritage and Semantics of the Portuguese Graphic Tradition of 'Azulejos' <i>Jorge Brandão Pereira, Heitor Alvelos, Abhishek Chatterjee</i>	49
Exploring Formative Routes, Opportunities, and Events in Music Education <i>Sandrina Milhano</i>	55
Blended Learning	60
Dynamic Framework for Project-Based Learning: Interrelate Students, Faculty and Industry, towards 21 st Century Job Market <i>Hesham El Marsafawy, Nahed Matarid, Sherif Badran</i>	61
Research-Based Learning in Digital Teams <i>Tobias Schmohl, Anja Iseke</i>	68
Curriculum Development	73
Content (Linguistic) Knowledge in Language Learning in High School <i>Gayane Markosyan</i>	74

From Learners to Educators – Development of Online Courses by Students for Students <i>Gergana Vladova, Sylvio Rüdian</i>	79
Inter-Curricular Cybersecurity ABET Assessment Perspectives <i>Suzanna E. Schmeelk, Denise Dragos, Joan E. DeBello</i>	85
Teachers' Beliefs about Formative Assessment in the Pupil-Centered Curriculum <i>Petra Pejić Papak, Renata Čepić</i>	90
The Future as a Return to the Past – A Look at the Concept of Energy and its Importance in Education <i>Terezia Jindrova, Matúš Sitkey</i>	97
Education and Healthcare	104
Challenges and Opportunities for Social and Emotional Capacity Building: Suggestions for Educational Contexts from PSsmile Erasmus+ Project <i>Lea Ferrari, Teresa Maria Sgaramella, Vida Drășute</i>	105
Coping with Occupational Stressors. Cross-sectional Study in Three Kindergartens <i>Dorin-Gheorghe Triff, Anișoara Pop, Mușata Bocoș</i>	110
Correlations of Emotional Burnout with Self-Efficacy, Quality of Life, and Work Ability in Pre-University Employees <i>Dorin-Gheorghe Triff, Anișoara Pop, Mușata Bocoș</i>	115
Education on Prevention of Burn Injuries <i>Anushka Dimitrova, Petya Trendafilova</i>	120
Nurses' Professional Behaviour in Aggression by the Patient <i>Galina Tchaneva, Petya Trendafilova</i>	127
Psychological Mechanisms of Development of Addictive Behaviour <i>Kakhi Kopaliani, Elene Chomakhidze, Maria Arkania</i>	134
Required Competencies of Managers for Effective Healthcare Management <i>Kamelia Bogdanova, Petya Trendafilova</i>	140
Games and Media in Education	146
(Co)creation & Interaction at the Crossroad of Art, Technology & Special Education. Experimental Workshop with the @postasis Real-Time Multiuser Collaboration Platform <i>Anastasia-Zoi Souliotou, Stavroula Zoi, Manthos Santorineos</i>	147

A Virtual Reality Journey to the University of the Future: What Kind of Impact Could Artificial Intelligence and Learning Analytics Have on Universities? <i>Alice Watanabe, Nadine Fröhlich</i>	153
CySecEscape – Escape Room Technique to Raise Cybersecurity Awareness in SMEs <i>Bettina Schneider, Trupti Zanwar</i>	157
Eco-CEO™: Understand the Circular Economy by Playing <i>Emilia Benvenuti, Lorenzo Forini, Armida Torreggiani, Alberto Zanelli</i>	162
How Artificial Intelligence Can Improve the Academic Writing of Students <i>Tobias Schmohl, Alice Watanabe, Nadine Fröhlich, Dominikus Herzberg</i>	168
Teaching Vocabulary through Games in the EFL Classroom: A Case Study <i>Zhanar Baimbetova</i>	172
Higher Education	179
Attitudes Towards Multiple Choice Questions among Business Students <i>Leiv Opstad</i>	180
COVID-19 Outbreak: A Critical Reflection on Teaching <i>Jowati Juhary</i>	186
Data Loss Prevention in Higher Education <i>Petya Biolcheva, Miglena Molhova</i>	193
Development of Interpersonal Skills to Benefit Interaction and Teamwork in University Students: A Means and Aim in the Learning Process <i>Inés María Muñoz-Galiano</i>	200
Distance Learning: A New Perspective to the Future <i>Irina Gronik</i>	203
Educational Models for IP Protection of Business Identifiers <i>Silviya Todorova</i>	208
Emotional Intelligence versus Intelligence Quotient in Higher Education as a Possible Predictor of Academic and Professional Successful Performance <i>Julia Huisman</i>	213
Generative Model for Cyber Ethical Issues in Education <i>Stoyan Denchev, Tereza Trencheva, Mariyana Nikolova, Svetoslava Dimitrova</i>	217

Impact of Entrepreneurs' Management Qualification on the Competitive Performance of their Businesses <i>Maria Vasilksa</i>	222
Impressions on Accreditation as a Tool for Quality Assurance of the Internationalization in Higher Education: Gains and Challenges <i>Sehkar Fayda-Kinik</i>	226
Inventions in IP Education <i>Vladislava Petrova</i>	232
Media Literacy and Higher Education in Epidemical Aspect: A Short Overview <i>Evelina Zdravkova, Tereza Trencheva</i>	239
One Province, Two Education Models: Employers Views of Graduates Produced by Both Conventional and Chinese-Foreign Universities in Guangdong Province, China <i>Wong Wei Chin, Wang Xun, Jing Yanan</i>	243
Practical Guide to Tutor an End-of-Degree Project <i>María D. Odriozola, Elisa Baraibar-Diez, Ignacio Llorente</i>	250
Significance of Entrepreneurs' Education for Competitive Performance in International Business Environment <i>Silviya Georgieva</i>	256
Teaching Model in Economics Education, Based on the Interactive Connection 'Science – Education – Business' <i>Maria Markova</i>	260
Teaching Television Business. Binding Theory to Practice and Practice to Theory <i>Dimitrina Papagalska</i>	267
The Creativity of Tourism Undergraduates as Future Creative Tourism Experts <i>Norbert Beták, Zuzana Sándorová</i>	271
The Necessity of Learning Litigation Procedure in the High School <i>Ekaterina Petrovna Rusakova, Ocaqli Ulvi</i>	276
The Online Campus. Higher Education Institutions in Time of Pandemics <i>Dumitrița Iftode</i>	280
The University Course "Protection of Intellectual Rights" in the Training of a Corporate Lawyer <i>Ekaterina Kupchina</i>	285

Usage of Mathematical Models for Cybersecurity Analysis <i>Alexey Stefanov, Iliyan Ivanov, Ivan Trenchev, Radoslav Stoev, Miglena Trencheva</i>	290
ICT in Education	296
An ICT Based Approach for Italian as L2 in Multicultural Classes <i>Emanuela Leto</i>	297
Analysing Learner Motivation <i>Ana Gimeno</i>	303
Conceptual Design of an AI-Based Learning Assistant <i>Tobias Schmohl, Susanne Schwickert, Oliver Glahn</i>	309
Create 3D Models by Explicitly Describing and Moving the Virtual Camera Using EEG Signals <i>Ivan Trenchev, Dinko Stoykov, Metodi Traykov, Alexey Stefanov, Miglena Trencheva, Iliyan Ivanov</i>	314
Design of a Sensemaking Assistant to Support Learning <i>Dagobert Soergel, Pengyi Zhang</i>	320
Developing Tools for the e-Learning Platform MathE <i>Ana I. Pereira, Florbela P. Fernandes, M. Fátima Pacheco, Paula M. Barros, Flora Silva, Edite Cordeiro, Carla A. S. Geraldés, Clara B. Vaz, Elisa Barros, Inês Barbedo, João P. Almeida, Cristina Martins, Manuel V. Pires</i>	327
Information Communication Technologies and Legal Education Correlation in Russian Federation and European Union <i>Mikhail Nikolayevich Kuznetsov, Ocaqli Ulvi</i>	333
On Robotic Process Automation and its Integration in Higher Education <i>Cornel Turcu, Cristina Turcu</i>	337
Privacy Challenges when Implementing New Technologies in Education <i>Martin Zahariev</i>	343
Redefining Education during a Global Pandemic <i>Diane Boothe</i>	348
Sharing is Caring: A Proposal for the Development of Shared, Semi-Autonomous, Mobile FabLabs to Overcome Obstacles in STEAM Education <i>Thorsten Lomker, Katharina Richter</i>	353
Telementoring: Taking Learning Global <i>Deborah Scigliano</i>	359

The Level of Interactivity in a Virtual Reality Learning Environment: A Design Key Factor <i>Jamil Extremera, Diego Vergara, Manuel P. Rubio, Ana I. Gómez, Pablo Fernández-Arias</i>	363
The Promotion of Self-Reflection in Students in Online Education: The Use of Exam Wrapper <i>Maria de Fátima Goulão</i>	369
Virtual Reality to Solve Spatial Vision Problems: An Experience in High School <i>Diego Vergara, Pablo Fernández-Arias, María Sánchez, Ana I. Gómez, Jamil Extremera, Manuel P. Rubio</i>	375
When the Google Generation Meets Academia: Digital Skills of Tomorrow's Students <i>Siw Olsen Fjørtoft</i>	380
Multiculturalism and Social Inclusion	387
Building the Religious Field in School within the Migration Contexts: The Case of Spain <i>Mónica Ortiz-Cobo, Rosella Bianco</i>	388
Digital Scaffolding for Non-Traditional Students: Framing Social Interactions in Educational Online-Settings at Universities of Applied Sciences <i>Tobias Schmohl, Tobias Jenert, Katharina Thies, Dennis Schäffer, Kirsten Meyer</i>	392
How much is your School Inclusive? Ideas from the Multinclud Project <i>Eleonora Pantò, Enrica Bricchetto</i>	397
Intergenerational Education: A Proposal for the Recognition of Diversity and Social Inclusion <i>Inés María Muñoz-Galiano</i>	403
Science Education	408
Advances in the Use of the Model of Flipped Classroom with Collaborative Learning as a Helpful Tool to Study Metabolism <i>Miguel Ángel Medina Torres, Ángel Luis García-Ponce, Ángel Blanco-López, Ana M^a Rodríguez Quesada, María Fernanda Suárez, Francisco J. Alonso Carrión</i>	409
Classification Systems of Visual Representations Included in Biology Textbooks <i>Kalliopi Papatheodosiou, Katerina Salta, Dionysios Koulougliotis</i>	416
Development and Manufacturing of an Interactive Three-Dimensional Phase Diagram of Carbon Dioxide for Teaching Sessions in Thermodynamics <i>Lina Schulze-Buxloh, Rolf Groß, Kevin Toni Cheng</i>	421

Geoethics and New Medias: Sharing Knowledge and Values <i>Vida Drășute, Stefano Corradi, Silvia Peppoloni, Giuseppe Di Capua</i>	426
Learning Circular Bio-Economy by Hands-on Science Experiments <i>Giovanna Sotgiu, Armida Torreggiani, Gioacchino Schifino, Annalisa Aluigi, Aleix Barrera-Corominas</i>	431
New Learning Models and Modern Educational Trends for the Future of Education <i>Irena Peteva, Diana Stoyanova, Todor Valchev</i>	437
Subatomic Physics: A Key Component to Secondary Education <i>Jasmine Penney, Svetlana Barkanova</i>	442
RM@Schools: Fostering Students' Interest in Raw Materials and a Sustainable Society <i>Armida Torreggiani, Alberto Zanelli, Marica Canino, Giovanna Sotgiu, Emilia Benvenuti, Lorenzo Forini, Annalisa Aluigi, Eleonora Polo, Renata Lapinska-Viola, Alessandra Degli Esposti</i>	446
Special Needs	453
Paving Educational Pathways towards Sanitation Awareness and Resilience in Afghanistan <i>David Th. Ausserhuber</i>	454
Promoting Diversity: Heterogeneity-Sensitive Teaching of Scientific Writing <i>Tobias Schmohl, Louise Hoffmann</i>	458
Students with a Migrant Background and Special Educational Needs: Discrimination and Specificities <i>Rosella Bianco, Mónica Ortiz-Cobo</i>	463
Students' Assessment	468
St. John's University's New York State Registered Master of Science Degree in Cyber and Information Security <i>Denise Dragos, Suzanna Schmeelk, Joan E. DeBello</i>	469
Studies on Education	474
Can Moral Psychology Inform Moral Education? Some Critical Perspectives <i>Mimmi Norgren Hansson, Niclas Lindström</i>	475
Constructivist Learning Conversations in Writing Centers: Feedback and Reflection as Integrated Tools <i>Saziye Yaman</i>	481

Controversial Issues and Their Role in RE <i>Niclas Lindström</i>	489
Educator Diversity and Student Accomplishment <i>Hardin L.K. Coleman, Katherine C. Griffith, Aaron K.G. Coleman</i>	494
Generation Z is Going to Work. What Are its Expectations? <i>Alexandra Hutanu, Patricea-Elena Berteau, Dumitrița Iftode</i>	502
Preconceptions of Gifted and Ungifted Pupils of Younger School Age on the Selected Phenomenon “Learning” <i>Rebeka Stefania Kolenakova, Jana Duchovicova</i>	507
Research Practice Partnerships and School Improvement <i>Hardin L.K. Coleman, Lynsey Gibbons, Ariel Tichnor-Wagner</i>	514
Sites of Relevance: Popular Culture and Transformative Education <i>Martin Laba</i>	520
Spontaneous Cooperation between Children in Automata Construction Workshops <i>Graça Bidarra, Anália Santos, Piedade Vaz-Rebello, Oliver Thiel, Carlos Barreira, Valentim Alferes, Joana Almeida, Inês Machado, Corinna Bartoletti, Francesca Ferrini, Signe Hanssen, Rolv Lundheim, Jørgen Moe, Joel Josephson, Veneta Velkova, Nelly Kostova</i>	524
Studies on Language Learning	529
Challenges and Opportunities of Croatian EFL Teachers’ Continuous Professional Development for Intercultural Dialogue <i>Matea Butković, Renata Čepić</i>	530
Creation of Relevant Edutainment Scenarios for Language Performance through Learning Games <i>Lizandro Becerra Valderrama</i>	537
Digital Language Learning Challenges in the Context of Inclusion <i>Saulė Juzelenienė, Rita Baranauskienė</i>	542
Drama-Linguistics Based Story Narration for Young Learners <i>Dönercan Dönük</i>	547
Family Language Policy: Interdisciplinary Components of an Emerging Research Field in regard to Childhood Bilingualism <i>Maria Andritsou, Konstantinos Chatzidimou</i>	551
Impact of Intercultural Communication Apprehension upon Students’ Plurilingual and Pluricultural Competence Development <i>Nemira Macianskiene</i>	557

Page to Stage: Dramatizing Literature for Language and Life Skills <i>Alison Larkin Koushki, Shannon Parks</i>	564
Teachers' Professional Development	570
An International Research Network to Connect Social Emotional Learning and Career Development <i>Lea Ferrari, Scott Solberg</i>	571
Application of Critical Thinking Strategies in Educational Practice of Lower Secondary Education <i>Jana Duchovicova, Rebeka Stefania Kolenakova</i>	575
Changes in the System of Pre-Service Computer Science Teachers Training in the Context of Global Digitalization: Mobile Applications both as a Learning Tool for M-learning and a Subject of Study <i>Mariia Fedotenko</i>	581
Rapid Shifts Require Rapid Response: Taking Action as the World's Schools Shut Down <i>Deb L. Marciano</i>	585
Teachers' Professional Skills and Competencies: What Are the most Important? <i>Sofia Cramerotti</i>	590
Teaching in the Time of Corona Crisis: A Study of Norwegian Teachers' Transition into Digital Teaching <i>Siw Olsen Fjørtoft</i>	595
Teaching Practice in Pre-Service Language Teacher Education: Challenges of the Transition from Face-to-Face to Online Lessons <i>Borbála Samu</i>	602
The Influence of Professional Burnout on Teachers' Professional Satisfaction: The Case of Lithuania <i>Rasa Didžiulienė, Genutė Gedvilienė</i>	609
The Potential of LMS-Course-Templates to Foster Informed Acceptance of Digitization in Higher Education <i>Angelika Neudecker, Fabian Brod, Nikolai Rohmann</i>	614
The Third Millennium Teachers Train on their really Needs: The Albania Case <i>Lekë Pepkolaj, Siditë Duraj, Dritan Gerbeti</i>	619
Late Arrived	624
Examining Twitch as a Multimodal Learning Platform <i>Rachel Sage</i>	624



Generative Model for Cyber Ethical Issues in Education

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Abstract

Introduction: The development of social networks has demonstrated very clearly the synergetic effect of combining information and communication technologies illustrating their enormous impact on the modern society, which we now call information. The characteristic features of this information society are many and those that most significantly distinguish its virtual nature include abstractions such as independence of distance and location. At the same time, along with the positive nature of the information society in its rapid development, the bad aspects and expressions emerge of an increasingly complete emanation of real life in the virtual, cybernetic dimension. Instances emerge of social polarization and exclusion, new virtual cultures with low and even negative contributions. In this regard, questions arise concerning the ethical behaviour of participants in the cyber dimension of current and future social development. We will not attempt to define the term cyber ethics here because it is essentially no different from the philosophical concept of ethics. The only difference is only in its scope of cyber space with all its natural peculiarities. **The paper aims:** In the presented research, we draw upon the view that cyber ethics should give us an orientation as to what is right or wrong, good or bad, based on different subjective feelings, understandings, values, virtues and legal norms. It is clear that in the current social practice, ethical expressions have a marked cyber aspect. In essence, this is a prerequisite for paying particular attention to ethical issues in university education. **Goal and Objectives:** The aim of this research is to create and propose a conceptual generative model for training in Ethics in a cyber university environment. The application of various information and knowledge technologies such as artificial intelligence (in medicine), social media in public relations, methods of accessing databases related to elections, recognition technologies in security, multimedia technologies in the digitalization of cultural values, definitively share the specific objectives of this project. **Methodology:** The research methodology chosen best corresponds to the type of scientific work. The so-called Architectural Approach forms the main contemporary toolbox of modern change. This methodology is natural in such cases and can respond to the intended and carried out scientific and applied research. **Conclusion:** Cyber ethics, as an emanation of ethics in the virtual cyber space, should also be considered in relation to current social practices. All technological, political, economic, etc. processes that involve a cyber-related component should be evaluated in their ethical aspect with respect to their total positive or negative impact on society.

Keywords: cyber ethics, education, generative model, innovation, knowledge, technology, information, research

1. Introduction

The development of the Internet has clearly shown the synergy effect of the mix of contemporary information and communication technologies apart from illustrating their huge impact on modern society, which we call today 'information society'. The characteristic features of this information society are numerous but the most outstanding ones include abstractions such as the independence of distance and location. In the virtual world, the size ceases to be such a significant factor, there is an improvement in communications globally, which to the ordinary user takes the form of an information torrent. At the same time, alongside the positive character of information society, during its turbulent development, there appear negative aspects and manifestations of the ever so saturated emanation of real life into the virtual dimension. There are instances of social polarization and exclusion, new virtual cultures emerge with low and even negative level of contribution. In the context of the latter conclusion, the COVID-19 pandemic clearly demonstrates the social distancing in different societies all over the world.

Cyberspace is the global space of virtual reality, a parallel world to the physical world.

The significance of this cyberspace has grown exponentially over the last three decades. It is present everywhere and at all times, penetrating the physical space with a huge impact on culture, religion and especially in education.

Cyber ethics differs from ethics by definition only in that it refers to cyber space with all its peculiarities. Both ethics and cyber ethics should give us orientation as to what is right or wrong, good or bad on the basis of different world views and systems of values, sums of virtues and norms. Cyber ethics can be viewed in the same ethical domains of manifestation that include personal life, social relations, the environment, political, economic and cultural interactions. Applying different information technologies such as artificial intelligence in medicine, social media in social relations, methods for access to databases when organizing and conducting elections, recognition technologies in security, multimedia technologies in the digitization of cultural values have demonstrated this co-relationship. In practice, all real ethic manifestations include a cyber-aspect.

Reversely, this means that all technological, political, economic and mostly educational processes that include a cyber-component must be viewed and evaluated in their ethical aspect with regard to their positive or negative impact on society as a whole and on each individual.

2. Ethical Norms and Principles in Information Society

Globethics.net published in 2013 a discussion paper entitled ETHICS IN THE INFORMATION SOCIETY: The Nine 'P's. These values were given in nine major topics of the information society, the Nine 'P's: principles, participation, people, profession, privacy, piracy, protection, power and policy, the ethical problems in education being in almost each and every one of them, namely:

1. Principles of ethical values: Knowledge societies can be sustainable, coherent, innovative and integrative if they are based not only on pragmatic opportunities or political or financial interests, but on ethical values.
2. Participation: Access to knowledge for all: Access to information, communication, education and knowledge is a basic right and public good.
3. People: Community, Identity, Gender, Generation, Education: People, human beings, as senders and receivers are the key actors of information, communication and knowledge. How to filter, digest and assimilate information and knowledge? How to use them for enrichment and not confusion, for identity building and not identity-loss, for respect of diversity and not increase of

- uniformity, for more equality instead of more inequality?
4. Profession: Ethics of information professions: Professions in the fields of information, communication and knowledge creation, processing, dissemination, control, renewal, preservation, archiving and policy-making have a special ethical responsibility in implementing core values.
 5. Privacy: Dignity, Data mining, Security: Privacy is a human right, not a commercial concession.
 6. Piracy: Intellectual property, cybercrime: Piracy is an old problem, with a new electronic face.
 7. Protection: Children and young people: Through access to the Internet on computers, smartphones and tablets, young people are connecting with each other and wider society in ways that were previously unimaginable. A generation of children and young people have grown up for whom the digital world is taken for granted. Nevertheless, there are concerns that children, young people and young adults may face specific risks and hazards, including sexual exploitation, a lack of anonymity and potential addiction to online networks.
 8. Power: Economic power of technology, media and consumers: The production, processing, dissemination, control and archiving of information, communication and knowledge need political power to set the legal frame and economic power to provide the necessary investment capital.
 9. Policy: Ethics of regulation and freedom: Parliaments, governments, civil society and educated citizens are needed to ensure that regulatory measures support freedom of expression, freedom of association in information and communication technologies and the right to seek, receive and impart information and ideas through any media and regardless of frontiers

3. Cyber ethical Problems in Education

In order to have a positive cyber impact on society, education must constantly adhere to the following three basic ethical recommendations:

1. Setting the ethical framework of behavioural values and virtues in cyber-space: freedom, non-violent communication, fairness, equality, sustainability, care and virtues like respect, integrity, transparency, honesty, etc.
2. Widening media education from technical skills to compulsory media education for values and virtues at all levels, including higher education and lifelong learning.
3. Strengthening the responsibility of individual users of cyber devices, from mobile communication to social media, the Internet in general, including interaction with robots and communication through artificial intelligence.

It is worth noting that knowledge and education on cyber ethics have a direct impact on human behaviour. Ethics education has a positive impact on students, i.e., knowledge of ethics can lead to a reduction in the abuse rate, and the computer science curriculum can be improved by including a module on computer ethics and social responsibility.

We live in an interesting world today with newly-emerging technologies that promise to totally impact the way human activity and enterprise will develop in the course of time.

They include new technologies such as Artificial Intelligence, The Internet of Things and Blockchain. These new technologies (Artificial Intelligence, The Internet of Things and Blockchain) pose new challenges regarding the intersection between Cyber law and cyber ethics, which must be addressed in an appropriate way through adequate legislative and legal frameworks and actions in times that follow. No wonder the World Economic Forum's list of the 10 Latest Technologies for 2015 includes those that aim to

resolve some ethical debates generated by an earlier generation of technologies, as well as others that will lead to new ethical and regulatory challenges.

4. Structural and Functional Frames of the Generative Model

The emergence of artificial intelligence poses new ethical questions and doubts which should be noted and considered in laws and other legislative norms that regulate cyber space. Should artificial intelligence be allowed to develop beyond the point of outdoing the human brain? Besides, should artificial intelligence be allowed to ethically not give in to human will and instead to take independent course of action that could possibly lead to catastrophic consequences to human society?

The increasing proliferation of robotic systems poses many ethical challenges, from the ethics of research and development of human-robot interactions to the programming of ethics for autonomous systems and the social impact of robotic technology in areas such as self-driving vehicles, the widespread displacement of human labour through automated and autonomous systems. Ethics is an ongoing and dynamic enterprise.

When for instance new technologies emerge, there is a laudable concern firstly to 'create' their whole ethical system so as to 'cover them'.

Structurally, the proposed model does not differ much from the traditional educational models. In most countries around the world, the majority of school children and university students continue to graduate from educational institutions without learning anything about the connection between digital and critical thinking. However, in addition to tradition, we emphasize our efforts in the field of modern knowledge in information and communication technologies, which are an essential addition to the ability of learners to assess and make decisions and classify information in order to be able to identify themselves as individuals in the real as well as in the digital world.

In the context of the functional framework of the model, we believe that concerning the debate on digitalization in the education sector it should be immediately pointed out that the acquisition and introduction of advanced technologies only in educational institutions will not offer a solution to the more worrying educational problems that prevent the successful participation of these advanced technologies in the digital world.

Therefore, in this framework, it's all down to the interaction between education and its natural requirements such as freedom, language ability and personal independence, not technologies themselves.

Freedom of education is both a necessity and a consequence, and the same is true of language skills and personal development. This cannot be expected of technological systems, but requires individual responsibility and cooperation. Therefore, it doesn't matter whether one receives knowledge and understanding from digital or analogue (printed) sources. What is required is competent classification and assessment skills.

This can happen especially on the basis of one's own knowledge and the resulting local and/or global discourse for their better regeneration.

A major aspect of the model is the need for students to have sufficient freedom to practice critical thinking. To this end, however, existing structures need to be modified in such a way that this critical thinking skill can be applied repeatedly in the learning process and thus improved. In this regard, the question arises about the content of education and the canon of knowledge, both in the real and in the virtual world.

5. Conclusion

In conclusion we must point out that digital transformation is not only limited to the technological sphere. It impacts to a great extent the whole virtual and physical essence

of the global space around us. Thus, ethical questions and spheres of conflict arise, which have to be solved in the most appropriate manner. Ideally, the first aim is always a critical reflection on 'good life' even in the virtual world. The 'good' in it, however, should always be reviewed, defined and negotiated. Even in the information saturated mix of opinions, this enables the reflected independence of thought and a focus on the understanding, localization, differentiation and eventually the evaluation of changes on the 'new definitions' of 'good' that might be necessary in the process of transformation.

All in all, our Conceptual Generative Model for Cyber Ethical Issues in Education seeks and finds the interaction between critical thinking and Cyber ethics. On the one hand, critical thinking requires values derived from ethical principles so that it is not arbitrary, but at the same time ethical principles require critical (over) thinking of real or expected changes. In this respect, even in digital times, people remain bound to participate in solving immediate social problems responsible and behaving ethically: to be curious, to be able to argue and, above all, to think critically about themselves and society.

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